Town of East Granby Annual Budget for 2024-25

TOWN MEETING
MAY 7, 2024

Board of Finance Budget Calendar

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Jan

 Boards of Education and Selectmen present high level budget drivers for fiscal 2025 spending

Feb

- Review Final Grand List (largest Revenue source)
- BoF directs budgets to be presented by: BoS at 3.5% and BoE at 5.25%

Mar

- BoS presents **6.7%** (Recommends 6.7%)
- BoE presents **5.25%** (Recommends 7.89%)

Board of Finance Budget Calendar



4/3

- BoF reviews expected revenues
- Sets Budgets for Public Hearing
- BOS: **3.74**% and BOE **5.48**%

4/23

- Public Hearing
- BoF sets Budgets for Town Meeting
- BOS: 3.74% and BOE 5.89%

5/7

• Town Meeting

5/21

Budget Referendum by Machine Vote

Sources of Revenue

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Property Taxes

Includes Supplemental Motor Vehicle Taxes, Past Due Taxes,
 Interest and Liens

State Grants

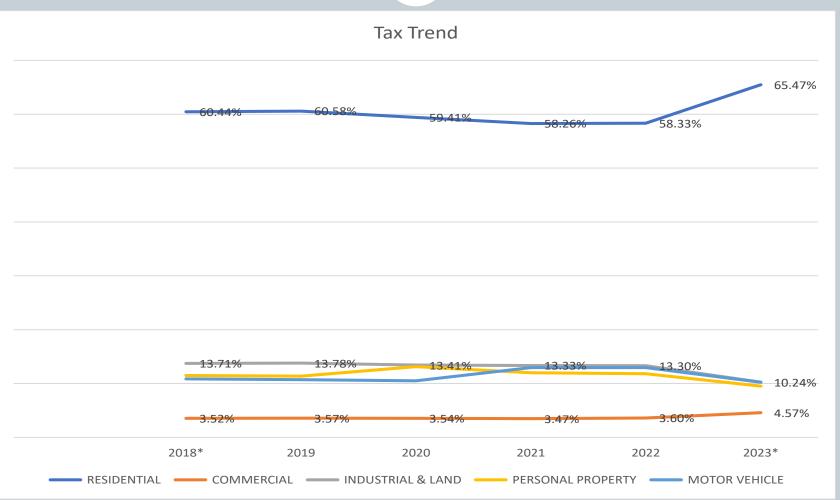
- Education, Non-Education, Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PiLOT) for State-Owned Property including Bradley
- Town Fees and Interest
 - o Building Permits, Town Clerk Fees, Interest on General Fund
- Use of Cash Balance

Revaluation

- Real Estate is revalued every five years. A full inspection-based revaluation is done at ten-year intervals, most recently, as of October 1, 2018, and market-based adjustments are made at the intervening five-year mark most recently, as of October 1, 2023.
- Revaluation helps keep assessed real estate values more in line with changes in market values. The revaluation conducted by East Granby as of the October 1,2023 Grand list is the basis for FY 2025 property taxes.
- There has been a dramatic growth in residential real estate values with this revaluation

Revaluation





Revaluation



- Net Grand List increased by \$136.0 million up 21.2%
 - O Motor Vehicle down \$3.5 million or 4.3%
 - o Real Estate and Personal Property up \$139.5M or 25.0%
 - o Residential Real estate up \$134.7M or 36.1%

As in most other revaluation years, the Board of Finance intends to reduce the mill rate to somewhat offset tax increases. Due to the significant increase in home values and the corresponding shift of the tax burden towards residential real estate, most homeowners would see a tax increase that averages 9.45% even if revenue were held flat to last year.

Property Taxes

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Mill Rate

- BoF anticipates reducing the Motor Vehicle Mill Rate from 32.46 (state cap) to 30.50.
- BoF anticipates a 30.50 Mill Rate for Real Estate and Personal Property
- Each is a 15.98% decrease (-5.8 mills) from prior year at 36.30.
- o BOF anticipates a blended 30.50 Mill rate a 14.80% decrease (-5.3 mills) from prior year at 35.80.
- o BoF estimates an average decrease in motor vehicle tax of about 9.6%; and an average increase in residential property tax of 14.33%, or 4.88% above the flat revenue rate of 9.45% discussed earlier.

State Grants



- Estimate based on the Governor's proposed adjustments to the State budget
 - Stable. Only specific proposal to date
- Estimates show a modest increase of 4.9%.
- Payments in Lieu of Taxes for Bradley Airport now come from CT Airport Authority, instead of the State, and are set in statute.

Town Fees and Interest

- Charges for Permits, Licensing or Activities
 - Most of the fees are set by state statute

- Interest on General Fund (Current rate 5%)
 - Market interest rate on conservative investments

Use of Cash Balance

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BoF Policy

- Maintain Cash Balance of at least 10% of Expenditures
- This proposal estimates these annual year end cash balances

FY25	FY26	FY27	FY28	FY29		
11.0%	7.6%	6.1%	8.1%	11.3%		

Additional Balance can accrue due to

- Higher revenues than expected
 - State budget finalized after Town's
- Operating boards spend less than budgeted

Use of Cash Balance



- BoF anticipates drawing \$1,031,508 from Cash Balance to use for revenue. This leaves 11% of Expenditures in the Account
- By comparison, over the past 3 years East Granby has drawn down the Cash Balance by a total of \$1.1 M.
- This significant use of the cash balance is being leveraged to mitigate the potential tax increase.

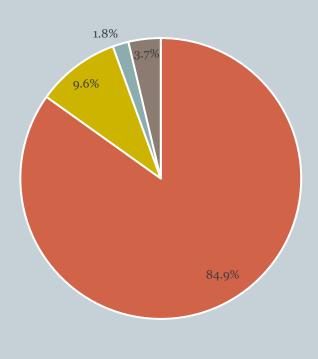
Estimated Revenues

	Budget		Projected	Anticipated		Percent	% of Total
Proposed Revenues		2023-24	2023-24		2024-25	Change *	Revenue
Property Tax Collections	\$	22,880,468	\$ 22,880,468	\$	23,604,216	3.2%	84.9%
State Grants		2,531,868	2,664,247		2,667,519	0.1%	9.6%
- Education		1,578,522	1,710,901		1,624,016	-5.1%	5.8%
- Non Education		953,346	953,346		1,043,503	9.5%	3.8%
Town (Fees, Interest and Non- Property T	i	355,806	832,313		509,486	-38.8%	1.8%
Use of General Fund Balance		335,878	 335,878		1,031,508	207.1%	3.7%
Total Revenue	\$	26,104,020	\$ 26,712,906	\$	27,812,730	4.1%	100.0%

^{*} The Board proposes increasing Use of General Fund Balance by \$695,751 to \$1,031,508. The board anticipates lower interest rates will be in effect during FY 2025 an plans for reduced Town revenues by \$374,827 to \$509,486.

Total Estimated Revenues \$27,812,730





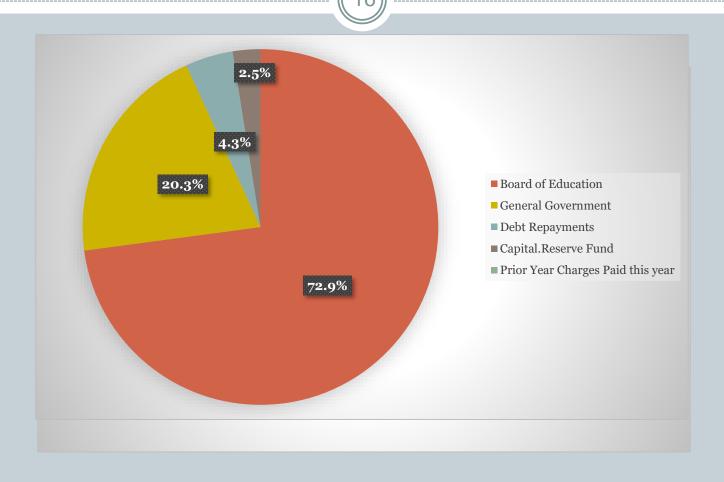
■ Property tax ■ State grants ■ Town fees ■ Cash balance

Proposed Expenditures

Proposed Expenditures	Budget 2023-24		Projected 2023-24		Proposed Budget 2024-25		Percent Change **	% of Expenditure	Incremental Expenditure	
Board of Education	\$	19,142,402	\$	19,142,402	\$	20,270,000	5.89%	72.88%	\$	1,127,598
General Government		5,434,915		5,434,915		5,638,000	3.74%	20.27%	\$	203,085
Debt Repayments		1,223,190		1,223,190		1,204,730	-1.51%	4.33%	\$	(18,460)
Capital.Reserve Fund		700,000		700,000		700,000	0.00%	2.52%	\$	-
Prior Year Charges Paid this year		-		212,399		-			\$	(212,399)
Total	\$	26,500,507	\$	26,712,906	\$	27,812,730	4.12%	100.00%	\$	1,099,824

^{*} The Board proposes decreasing Debt Service by \$18,460 to \$1,204,730, due to decreased payments due.

Proposed Expenditures Total Budget \$ 27,812,370



Debt Service



- Town Incurs Debt for Major Projects
- Elementary Schools Project (7.2M borrowed/1.06Mbalance)
 - o Issued April 2012, Matures in 2027
- Roofs and Roads Projects (9.9M borrowed/10.423M balance)
 - Issued July 2021, Matures in 2041
- School LED Light replacement (321K borrowed/184K balance)
 - o Loan Approved June 2022, Matures in 2026

Capital Reserve Fund



- Town "savings account" for Major Purchases
- Used to Maintain and Upgrade Infrastructure
 - Each Purchase Must Be Approved at Town Meeting
- Money from the General Fund is put into (allocated to) the Capital Reserve each year
- In FY 2023 the BOF took actions to incrementally raise the funding of the Capital Reserve fund from \$600,0000 per year to \$800,00 per year by 2027 and to increase the fund balance by 2% per year. The BOF has proposed pausing a planned \$50,000 increase to the fund for FY 25
- A Five-Year Capital Plan is maintained and updated annually

General Government and Board of Education



Detailed budgets will be presented separately by the respective Boards

- General Government Town Annual operating costs:
 - Owned by the Board of Selectman
 - Administrative offices
 - Safety (Police, Fire, Ambulance)
 - Maintenance (roads, parks, buildings, equipment, etc.)
- Education Annual operating costs:
 - Owned by the Board of Education
 - Educational program delivery (EG school system)
 - School buildings and facilities

(20)

Questions